Centennial Oil Furnaces CHB High Boy CLB Low Boy

(SERIES 2)

Page

KEEP THESE INSTRUCTIONS WITH FURNACE FOR FUTURE REFERENCE.



Furnace Manual

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Hazard definitions

DANGER	Hazards that will cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.	🛦 CAU
WARNING	Hazards that can cause severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.	NOT

UTION

Hazards that will or can cause minor personal injury or property damage.

TICE

Special instructions on installation, operation or maintenance that are important but not related to personal injury or property damage.

- **A**WARNING **INSTALLER** – Read all instructions before installing. Read page 2 first. Follow all instructions in proper order to prevent personal injury or death.
 - Consider ducting, fuel supply, venting and installation when determining furnace location.
 - Any claims for damage or shortage in shipment must be filed immediately against the transportation company by the consignee.

AWARNING Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable liquids or vapors near this furnace or any other appliance.

- **A**CAUTION Ventilate house while operating furnace for the first time. Odors may be emitted for a brief period.
- **A**WARNING Do not alter this furnace in any way. The manufacturer will not be liable for any damage resulting from changes made in the field to the furnace or its components or from improper installation. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

A WARNING	<u>USER</u> – Please read the following. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage. This manual is for the sole use by your qualified heating installer / service technician.
•	Please see the Owner's information only, on the back page of this manual.
•	Have the furnace serviced by a qualified service technician, at least once a year.

AWARNING This manual must only be used by a qualified heating installer / service technician. Furnace and burner must be installed and serviced only by a qualified heating installer / service technician. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

NOTICE When calling or writing about the furnace - Please indicate furnace model number and serial number from rating label. You may list the serial number and model number in the space provided on the "Installation and service certificate" found on page 17.

A

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READ THIS FIRST!

AWARNING

Failure to adhere to the guidelines below can result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Service and maintenance -

- 1. To avoid electric shock, disconnect electrical supply before performing maintenance.
- 2. To avoid severe burns, allow furnace to cool before performing maintenance.
- 3. Perform service and maintenance as described in this manual and the burner manual.
- Do not attempt to make adjustments to the blower or motor while the furnace is in operation. Disconnect power to the furnace and be sure all parts have stopped moving before attempting adjustments or maintenance.
- 5. The burner must be set up and adjusted using combustion test instruments. Visual examination of the flame alone cannot determine combustion performance.

Operation -

- 6. Do not use the furnace as a construction heater.
- Do not operate any furnace if the heat exchanger is damaged, corroded or pitted. Toxic flue products could enter the air stream.
- 8. Do not jumper, attempt to by-pass or override any limit control.
- Do not block flow of combustion or ventilation air to furnace. Do not block or obstruct the air openings in the furnace casing.
- 10. Do not store or use combustible materials, gasoline, or other flammable liquids or vapors in the furnace area.
- 11. Do not operate the furnace if the furnace area will be exposed to air contaminants as described on page 5.
- 12. Should overheating occur, do not turn off or disconnect electrical supply to furnace. Instead, shut off the oil supply at a location external to the appliance, if possible.
- 13. Do not use this furnace if any part of it has been under water. Call a qualified service technician immediately, to inspect the furnace and to replace any part of the furnace, control system or burner that was submerged in water.
- 14. Do not operate furnace if temperature rise through heat exchanger exceeds 85°F.

- 15. Inspect, clean and replace (if necessary) return air filter regularly.
- 16. Do not obstruct return air grills or supply air outlets.
- 17. Supply only #2 fuel oil to the burner. Never attempt to use gasoline, a mixture of gasoline and oil, waste fuel, reused or any other substance in the burner of furnace.

Installation -

- Do not block flow of combustion or ventilation air to furnace. Do not block or obstruct the air openings in the furnace casing.
- 19. Connect furnace only to a functional vent system in good condition. Place the furnace to allow proper venting, with the shortest possible venting and minimum number or elbows.
- 20. Always connect and seal a return air duct to the furnace unless the furnace is located in a large space, such as an unpartitioned basement. Route the return air duct to an adjacent room if no return air manifold is used.
- 21. Install furnace maintaining minimum clearances for service and separation from combustible surfaces described in this manual.
- 22. Install, start-up, service and maintain burner per instructions in this manual and the burner manual.
- 23. Verify burner is properly inserted through the combustion chamber opening.
- 24. Furnace must be installed so that burner and control system components are protected from dripping, spraying water or rain during operation or service.
- 25. If installing an air conditioning evaporator coil, install the coil downstream of, or in parallel with, the furnace to prevent condensation on the furnace heat exchanger. If the coil is in parallel, provide means to prevent flow of chilled air into the furnace, including an interlock to prevent simultaneous operation of heating and air conditioning.

NOTICE

Apply the following suggestions to prevent unsatisfactory operation of the furnace.

Installation -

- Be sure to level the furnace, using a spirit level on the front and one side. If the furnace is not level, oil can drip into the combustion chamber after burner cycling and contaminate the heat exchanger and the burner head.
- 2. Make sure all legs are in contact with the floor to distribute the load and prevent the possibility of undue noise or vibration.
- Avoid locating return grills in rooms that may contain undesirable odors.
- 4. Never locate a return air grill closer than approximately 20 feet from the furnace.
- Locate the furnace near the center of the supply and return duct systems.
- 6. Always check the size of the ducts on a replacement installation, particularly if adding air conditioning.

1 Prepare furnace location

Pre-installation checklist

Verify code compliance

- □ Local, state, provincial, and national codes, laws, regulations and ordinances
- □ NFPA-31, Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment
- National Electrical Code
- All local codes and/or regulations take precedence over the instructions in this manual and should be followed accordingly.

NOTICE

CHB & CLB furnaces, their burners and controls meet safe lighting and other performance criteria when furnace underwent tests specified in Underwriters Laboratories Standard UL727.

Check location and furnace specifications

- Furnace heating capacity
- Space is large enough to provide required clearances
 Verify the installation will meet the requirements of this manual:
- Clearances (page 3)
- Combustion/ventilation air openings (page 4)
- □ Supply air duct (page 8)
- Return air duct (page 8)
- Vent system (page 11)
- □ Fuel oil piping (page 12 plus burner manual)
- Electrical connection (page 12)

Clearances

Table 1

Minimum clearance to combustible materials

Minimum clearances

1. Install the furnace, ductwork and vent such that no combustible surface is closer than listed in Table 1.



Flue pipe clearances must take precedence over jacket clearances (listed below).

Service accessibility clearances

- Provide no less than the minimum clearances given in Table 1 to ensure the furnace can be properly operated, serviced and maintained.
- 2. Always apply whichever clearance is **LARGER** combustible construction or service accessibility.

Flooring and foundation

Flooring

CHB & CLB furnaces are approved for installation on combustible flooring, but must never be installed on carpeting.

AWARNING Do not install furnace on carpeting even if foundation is used. Fire can result, causing severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Foundation

- 1. Provide a solid brick or minimum 2 inch thick concrete foundation pad if any of the following is true:
 - The floor can become flooded.
 - The furnace mounting area is not level.

Residential garage installations

Take the following special precautions when installing the furnace in a residential garage. If the furnace is located in a residential garage:

- Mount the furnace a minimum of 18 inches above the floor of the garage.
- Locate or protect the furnace so a moving vehicle cannot damage it.

Service accessibility clearances are recommended	CHB-105/14	0 Furnaces	CLB-105/140 Furnaces			
minimum dimensions to allow access to furnace components (motor, blow er, filters, etc.).	To combustible construction	For service accessibility	To combustible construction	For service accessibility		
Top of plenum to ceiling	1"		1"			
Above warmair duct within 6' of furnace	1"		1"			
Front of furnace	18" (alcove)	18"	18" (alcove)	18"		
Flue pipe or barometric d.c. to any surface	9" (note 1)	18"	9" (note 1)	18"		
Rear of furnace	0"		0"			
Side of furnace	0"		0"			
Warm air plenum to w all	1"		1"			
Combustible floor	0"		0"			

requirements of NFPA 31 and local codes to reduce clearance using double-w all vent pipe and/or protective insulation betw een the flue pipe or barometric draft control and combustible surfaces. Minimum clearance w hen using Type L double-w all vent pipe is 6".

1 Prepare furnace location (continued)

Air for combustion and ventilation

Adequate combustion and ventilation air ensures proper combustion and reduces risk of severe personal injury or death from possible flue gas leakage and carbon monoxide emissions.

AWARNING Do not install exhaust fan in furnace room.

Consider building construction

Older buildings with single-pane windows, minimal weather-stripping and no vapor barrier often provide enough natural infiltration and ventilation without dedicated openings.

New construction or remodeled buildings are most often built tighter. Windows and doors are weather-stripped, vapor barriers are used and openings in walls are caulked. As a result, such tight construction is unlikely to allow proper natural air infiltration and ventilation.

For buildings with tight construction, provide openings directly to outside or to a ventilated crawl space or attic. Size the openings to the same specifications as for the furnace location per the following paragraphs.

Follow state, provincial or local codes when sizing adequate combustion and ventilation air openings. In absence of codes, use the following guidelines when furnace is in a confined room (defined by NFPA 31 as less than 7200 cubic feet per 1 GPH input of all appliances in area. A room 8 ft. high x 30.0 ft. x 30.0 ft. is 7200 cu. ft.).

Provide two permanent openings

Opening locations

One within 12 inches of ceiling, one within 12 inches of floor. Minimum height or width dimension of each rectangular opening should be at least 3 inches.

When inside air is used

Each opening must freely connect with areas having adequate infiltration from outside. Each opening should be at least 140 sq. in. per 1 GPH input (1 sq. in. per 1000 BTU input) of all fuel-burning appliances plus requirements for any equipment that can pull air from room (including clothes dryer and fireplace).

When outside air is used

Connect each opening directly, by way of ducts to the outdoors, or to crawl or attic space that freely connects with outdoors. Size per below:

- Through outside wall or vertical ducts at least 35 sq. in. per 1 GPH input (1 sq. in. per 4000 BTU input) of all fuel burning appliances plus requirements for any equipment that can pull air from room (including clothes dryer and fireplace).
- Through horizontal ducts at least 70 sq. in. per 1 GPH furnace input (1 sq. in. per 2000 BTU input) of all fuel-burning appliances plus requirements for any equipment that can pull air from room (including clothes dryer and fireplace).
- Where ducts are used, they should have the same crosssectional area as free area of openings to which they connect. Compensate for louver, grille or screen blockage when calculating free air openings. Refer to the manufacturers' instructions for details. If unknown, use:

- Wood louvers, which provide 20-25% free air.
- Metal louvers or grilles, which provide 60-75% free air.

Lock louvers in open position or interlock with equipment to prove open before furnace operation.

Basement installations

When the furnace is located in an unconfined space, such as an unpartitioned basement, adequate air should normally be available without additional openings. An unconfined space is defined as one having no less than 50 cubic feet room volume per 1,000 BTU/h input of all appliances in the space.

If the house is of tight construction, provide air openings to the basement directly from outside or from a ventilated attic. Size the openings as described above under "When outside air is used".

Closet installations – special NOTICE

Openings in closet doors

Provide TWO openings – one within 6 inches of top of closet door, the other within 6 inches of the bottom of closet door.

EACH opening must be at least 24 inches wide by 12 inches high.

Advise homeowner that the openings to the closet must never be obstructed or blocked in any way. Failure to provide adequate air for combustion and ventilation could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

1 Prepare furnace location (continued)

Air contamination

Please review the following information on potential combustion air contamination problems.

See Table 2 for products and areas that may cause contaminated combustion air.

AWARNING

G To prevent the potential of severe personal injury or death, check for products or areas listed below before installing furnace. If any of these contaminants are found:

• Remove contaminants permanently.

-OR-

 Isolate furnace and provide outside combustion air. See national, provincial or local codes for further information. Table 2 Corrosive contaminants and likely locations

Products to avoid

Spray cans containing chloro/fluorocarbons

Permanent wave solutions

Chlorinated waxes/cleaners

Chlorine-based sw imming pool chemicals

Calcium chloride used for thaw ing

Sodium chloride used for water softening

Refrigerant leaks

Paint varnish removers

Hydrochloric acid/muriatic acid

Cements and glues

Antistatic fabric softeners used in clothes dryers

Chlorine-type bleaches, detergents, and cleaning solvents found in household laundry rooms

Adhesives used to fasten building products and other similar products

Areas likely to have contaminants

Dry cleaning/laundry areas and establishments

Sw imming pools

Metal fabrication plants

Beauty shops

Refrigeration repair shops

Photo processing plants

Auto body shops

Plastic manufacturing plants

Furniture refinishing areas and establishments

New building construction

Remodeling areas

Garages with workshops

2 Prepare furnace and place in position

Inspect & prepare furnace

Remove furnace from carton

Remove the furnace from its shipping carton and inspect thoroughly. Remove access panels to inspect the furnace interior.

NOTICE Immediately file a claim with the transportation company if you discover concealed damage.

WARNING Do not install or attempt to operate the furnace if the heat exchanger, burner or controls have been damaged. Immediately contact your furnace supplier. Operating a damaged furnace could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Prepare furnace (CHB models)

CHB furnaces require cutting the return air opening into one side of the furnace. Carefully cut the opening on the correct side of the furnace, using the four knockouts on the side as guides.

Prepare burner

Remove the burner from its shipping carton and inspect thoroughly. Read the burner manual and follow instructions for preparing and installing the burner.

Install the correct nozzle for the required firing rate, using the burner manual and the information in Section 12 of this manual. Follow the burner manual instructions for nozzle installation. Verify the correct setting of electrodes after the nozzle and burner oil tube assembly are in place.

Openings in walls, floor & ceiling

General

Ensure that the finished door opening to the furnace room is large enough to install and remove the furnace, water heater or any other appliances in the room.

Before placing furnace in a closet or small room, cut all openings required in floor, ceiling or walls for ducts and vent. This will simplify the work and prevent construction dust from entering the furnace heat exchanger.



Verify that all clearances to combustible construction and for service accessibility will be met. The vent must be no closer than 18 inches to any combustible surface, unless a type "L" double-wall vent pipe is used or the vent is constructed per NFPA 31 requirements. Provide a ventilated thimble per all applicable codes where the vent pipe passes through a wall or ceiling. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Duct locations and sizing

Verify that the size of the supply and return duct system is sufficient for the application. The pressure drop through the duct system must not exceed 0.25" water column.

Openings in walls, floor... (Continued)

The total drop through the duct system and air conditioning evaporator coil (if used) must not exceed 0.5" water column. See suggested duct sizing in this manual. For more detailed sizing information refer to ACCA Manual D.

Return air duct

You must install a return air duct, sealed to the furnace, even if no return manifold is used. The only exception is when the furnace is located in a large unpartitioned room, such as a basement. (A room whose volume is at least 50 cubic feet per 1,000 BTU/h input of all appliances in the room is considered large). For large rooms, return air may be taken directly at the furnace, without a return air duct. No return air register should be within 20 feet of the furnace.

Cut the required opening for the return air duct in the wall (or floor or ceiling) of the room before placing the furnace.

Install filter

Install return air filter of the size listed in Section 12.

You will need to install a filter rack provided with the furnace for Model CHB only.



Verify that the filter will be easily accessible for removal after the furnace is in place.

Install furnace and burner

Place furnace

Place the furnace in the desired location. Measure clearances and verify per page 3 of this manual.

Using a spirit level on the front and one side of the furnace, level it, using the 4 or 6 leveling legs. Make sure each of the legs is firmly in contact with the floor.

Inspect combustion chamber

Inspect the combustion chamber. Verify that it is in good condition and correctly positioned inside the heat exchanger. The burner opening in the chamber must align with the burner heat exchanger opening.



The combustion chamber is constructed of ceramic fiber materials. See the WARNING information on page 20 of this manual. Comply with these instructions when handling any ceramic fiber or fiberglass materials. Failure to adhere to these guidelines could result in severe personal injury or death.

Insert burner

Following the burner manual instructions, install the burner and its gasket in the burner opening. Make sure the burner passes through the opening in the combustion chamber and does not protrude more than $\frac{1}{16}$ inch into the chamber.

Secure the burner in place with the three nuts and washers provided. Wire and pipe fuel to the burner, as per the burner manual and this manual.

Blocked Vent Shut-Off (BVSO) for chimney venting

(OPTIONAL)

AWARNING

It is imperative that this device be installed by a qualified agency.

This device is designed to detect the insufficient evacuation of combustion gases in the event of a vent blockage. In such a case the thermal switch will shut down the oil burner. <u>The device will then</u> need to be re-armed MANUALLY.

In the event that the BVSO repetitively shuts down the oil burner, a qualified technician needs to evaluate the cause of this shut down.

Refer to the figures 3 to 5 at section 6, Wiring Diagrams and detailed instructions supplied with the BVSO for the installation and wiring procedures.

It is also essential the the BVSO be <u>maintained annually.</u> For more details refer to the instructions supplied with the device itself, as well as the Maintenance Section.

Figure 1

Blocked Vent Shutt-Off device wiring Installation : Upflow with Vertical exhaust (Optional)

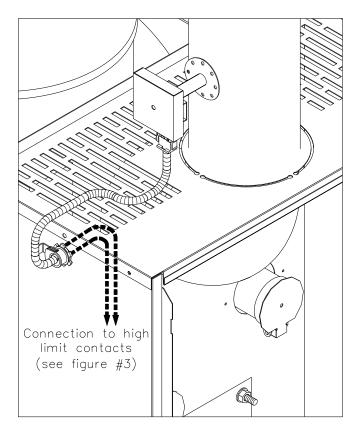
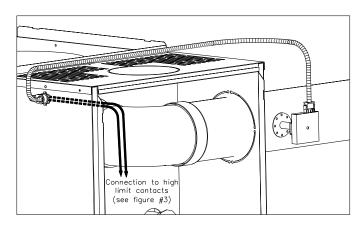


Figure 2

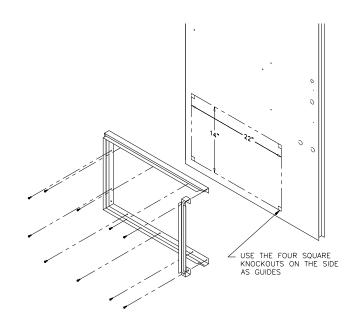
Blocked Vent Shutt-Off device wiring Installation : Upflow with Horizontal exhaust (Optional)



3 Connect supply and return ducts

CHB Filter rack support installation

• Use the ten screws included with the filter rack inside the furnace. Make sure that the rack support installation is in accordance with the following figure



3 Connect supply and return ducts (continued)

Duct sizing

Determine airflow CFM

The temperature rise through the furnace must not exceed $85^{\circ}F$, but should be at least $55^{\circ}F$ for comfort. When calculating airflow, assume a temperature rise of $70^{\circ}F$.

The noticeable temperature change for cooling would be approximately 27-30°F. Actual temperature change will be approximately 18-21°F due to humidity of the air.

To calculate noticeable heat temperature change ($\Delta T),$ you can use the formula:

 $\Delta T = BTU/h/(1.1 \times CFM) \qquad Eq. 3-1$

To calculate air flow when you know temperature change ($\Delta T),$ you can use:

 $CFM = BTU/h/(1.1 \times \Delta T)$ Eq. 3-2

You can estimate air flow using the following rules of thumb:

Heating:	14 CFM per 1,000 BTU/h output	Eq. 3-3
Cooling:	400 CFM per ton air conditioning	Eq. 3-4

Determine the required airflow based on whichever is larger: heating mode or air conditioning mode.

Examples:

1. What would the temperature rise be for a 100,000 BTU/h output furnace with an airflow rate of 1200 CFM?

Use Equation 3-1 since you know CFM and BTU/h:

 $\Delta T = 100,000/(1.1 \times 1200) = 76^{\circ}F$

- The temperature rise would be 76°F.
- If the air enters the furnace at 70°F, it would leave the furnace at 70°F + 76°F = 146°F.
- 2. What would the airflow be to obtain a 70°F rise through a 120,000 BTU/h output furnace?

Use equation 3-2 since you know ΔT and BTU/h:

CFM = 120,000/(1.1 x 70) = 1,558 CFM

- The air flow would have to be 1,558 CFM to obtain a temperature rise of 70°F.
- 3. Estimate the required airflow for a 75,000 BTU/h output furnace installed with a 2-ton air conditioning evaporator coil.

Heating mode air flow (use Equation 3-3):

CFM = 75 x 14 = 1,050 CFM

Cooling mode air flow (use Equation 3-4):

CFM = 2 x 400 = 800 CFM

- The larger number is 1,050 CFM (heating), so the duct system should be sized for 1,050 CFM.
- The supply duct would need to be 16" round or a rectangular equivalent such as 8" x 25" or 12" x 18", using Table 4.
- 4. Estimate the required airflow for the same furnace installed with a 4-ton air conditioning evaporator coil.

Heating mode airflow is still 1,050 CFM.

Cooling mode air flow (use Equation 3-4):

CFM = 4 x 400 = 1,600 CFM

- The larger number is 1,600 CFM (cooling), so the duct system should be sized for 1,600 CFM.
- The supply duct would need to be 18" round or a rectangular equivalent such as 8" x 36" or 12" x 23", using Table 4.

Always check the size of existing ducts, particularly if you are adding air conditioning. The air pressure loss through the cooling evaporator coil reduces available airflow. If the ducts are too small as well, the system may not work satisfactorily on either heating or cooling.

Determine duct dimensions

Table 4 page 9 and Table 5 page 10, provide typical round and rectangular duct sizes for rectangular and flat oval galvanized ducts. Do not apply these tables to size ductwork if the total equivalent length of the duct exceeds approximately 100 feet. For longer systems or for duct board, fiberglass-lined or flexible duct sizing, use the ACCA Manual D or the ACCA duct sizing slide rule. These tables are based on pressure loss of approximately 0.10" water column per 100 feet equivalent length of duct.

Use Table 3 below to size or check sizing of take-offs to supply registers or return grills.

Verify the size and type of registers, diffusers and grills from the manufacturer's ratings. Do not exceed the recommended flow rate. The pressure drop allowance for each should not exceed approximately 0.05" water column.

Install a return air filter, sized per specifications in Section 12.

Use only a return air filter mounted to the furnace. Do not add additional filters unless the duct system is carefully sized to allow for the additional pressure drop.

Table 3 Suggested maximum flow to runouts

TAKE-OFF SIZE	CI	FM						
(Inches)	SUPPLY	RETURN						
Sheet metal or ductboard								
5 Round	60	45						
6 Round	100	75						
7 Round	140	110						
8 Round	210	160						
3 ¼ x 8 Stack	70	55						
3 ¼ x 10 Stack	100	75						
3 ¼ x 14 Stack	140	110						
2 ¼ x 12 Stack	70	55						
2 ¼ x 14 Stack	90	70						
Flexible duct (keep	bends to minimu	m)						
6 Round	55	40						
8 Round	120	90						
10 Round	200	160						
12 Round	320	250						
14 Round	480	375						
16 Round	660	530						
18 Round	880	680						
20 Round	1200	900						

3 Connect supply and return ducts (continued)

Duct sizing (continued)

Table 4 Typical duct sizing for systems not over 100 feet equivalent length - round or rectangular galvanized

	Typical duct sizing																	
	(For approximately 0.10 inch w.c. in a typical residential installation of galvanized metal duct)																	
	Round Rectangular duct equivalent sizes																	
CFM	duct	Minin	inimum width (inches) for duct heights (inches) of :															
	diameter	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24	26	28	30
	(inches)	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	X	Х	X	X	X	X	Х	X
45	4	4	4	4	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
65	5	6	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
100	6	8	6	5	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
150	7	12	9	7	6	5	5	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
200	8	14	11	9	8	7	6	6	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250	9	18	13	10	9	8	7	6	6	5	5	4	4	-	-	-	-	-
300	9	20	15	12	10	9	8	7	6	6	5	5	4	4	-	-	-	-
400	10	26	19	15	13	11	10	9	8	7	6	6	5	5	5	4	4	-
500	12	32	23	18	15	13	12	11	9	8	7	6	6	6	5	5	5	5
600	12	38	28	22	18	15	13	12	10	9	8	7	7	6	6	6	5	5
700	12	46	32	25	20	17	15	14	11	10	9	8	7	7	7	6	6	6
800	14	52	36	28	23	19	17	15	13	11	10	9	8	8	7	7	6	6
900	14	58	41	31	25	21	19	17	14	12	11	10	9	8	8	7	7	7
1000	16	64	45	34	28	23	20	18	15	13	11	10	9	9	8	8	7	7
1100	16	72	49	38	30	25	22	19	16	14	12	11	10	9	9	8	8	7
1200	16	-	54	41	33	27	24	21	17	15	13	12	11	10	9	9	8	8
1300	16	-	58	44	35	29	25	22	18	16	14	12	11	10	10	9	9	8
1400	18	-	63	47	38	31	27	24	19	16	14	13	12	11	10	10	9	9
1500	18	-	68	51	40	34	29	25	20	17	15	14	12	12	11	10	10	9
1600	18	-	72	54	43	36	30	27	21	18	16	14	13	12	11	11	10	9
1700	18	-	-	58	45	38	32	28	23	19	17	15	14	13	12	11	10	10
1800	18	-	-	61	48	40	34	29	24	20	17	16	14	13	12	11	11	10
1900	20	-	-	64	51	42	35	31	25	21	18	16	15	14	13	12	11	11
2000	20	-	-	68	53	44	37	32	26	22	19	17	15	14	13	12	12	11
2200	20	-	-	-	59	48	41	35	28	23	20	18	16	15	14	13	12	12
2400	22	-	-	-	64	52	44	38	30	25	22	19	17	16	15	14	13	12
2600	22	-	-	-	69	56	47	41	32	27	23	21	19	17	16	15	14	13
2800	22	-	-	-	-	61	51	44	34	29	25	22	20	18	17	15	15	14
3000	22	-	-	-	-	65	54	47	37	30	26	23	21	19	17	16	15	14
3500	24	-	-	-	-	-	63	54	42	34	29	26	23	21	19	18	17	16
4000	26	-	-	-	-	-	72	61	47	39	33	29	26	23	21	20	19	18

AWARNING

Do not apply this table for duct systems over approximately 100 equivalent feet length. For longer systems or systems using other duct materials, refer to ACCA Manual D. Incorrectly sizing duct systems can result in unsafe or uncomfortable operation.

3 Connect supply and return ducts (continued)

Duct sizing (continued)

 Table 5
 Typical duct sizing for systems not over 100 feet equivalent length – round or flat oval galvanized

	Typical duct sizing													
	(For approximately 0.10 inch w.c. in a typical residential installation of galvanized metal duct)													
CFM	Round duct	Minimu	at oval duct equivalent sizes inimum width (inches) for duct heights (inches) of :											
••••	diameter (inches)	3 X	4 x	5 x	6 x	7 X	8 x	9 X	10 x	12 x	14 x	16 x	18 x	20 x
45	4	6	5	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	•	-	•	-
65	5	8	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
100	6	11	8	7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-
150	7	16	11	9	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
200	8	21	15	11	10	8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
250	9	26	18	14	11	10	9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
300	9	30	20	16	13	11	10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
400	10	40	26	20	16	14	12	11	-	-	-	-	-	-
500	12	49	32	24	19	16	14	13	12	-	•	-	•	-
600	12	59	38	28	22	19	16	15	13	-	-	-	•	-
700	12	69	44	32	25	21	18	16	15	13	-	-	-	-
800	14	-	50	36	29	24	20	18	16	14	-	-	-	-
900	14	-	56	41	32	26	22	20	18	15	-	-	-	-
1000	16	-	63	45	35	29	24	22	19	17	15	-	-	-
1100	16	-	69	49	38	31	26	23	21	18	16	-	-	-
1200	16	-	75	53	41	33	28	25	22	19	17	-	-	-
1300	16	-	-	58	44	36	30	26	24	20	18	-	-	-
1400	18	-	-	62	47	38	32	28	25	21	18	17	-	-
1500	18	-	-	66	50	41	34	30	26	22	19	18	-	-
1600	18	-	-	71	54	43	36	31	28	23	20	18	-	-
1700	18	-	-	-	57	46	38	33	29	24	21	19	-	-
1800	18	-	-	-	60	48	40	35	31	25	22	20	-	-
1900	20	-	-	-	63	50	42	36	32	26	23	21	19	-
2000	20	-	-	-	67	53	44	38	33	27	24	21	20	-
2200	20	-	-	-	73	58	48	41	36	29	25	23	21	-
2400	22	-	-	-	-	63	52	44	39	32	27	24	22	21
2600	22	-	-	-	-	68	56	48	42	34	29	25	23	22
2800	22	-	-	-	-	-	60	51	44	36	30	27	24	23
3000	22	-	-	-	-	-	64	54	47	38	32	28	26	24
3500	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	63	54	43	36	32	28	26
4000	26	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	61	48	40	35	31	29

AWARNING

Do not apply this table for duct systems over approximately 100 equivalent feet length. For longer systems or systems using other duct materials, refer to ACCA Manual D. Incorrectly sizing duct systems can result in unsafe or uncomfortable operation.

4 Venting

General venting requirements

Failure to follow all instructions can result in flue gas spillage and carbon monoxide emissions, causing severe personal injury or death.

- A DANGER Inspect existing chimney before installing furnace. Clean chimney thoroughly. Replace or repair chimney if visual inspection indicates chimney may be unsuitable for use. Insufficient draft can cause flue gas leakage and carbon monoxide emissions. Failure to clean or replace perforated pipe or tile lining and/or patch mortar and joints can cause severe personal injury or death.
- CHB & CLB furnaces are designed to operate with an over-fire draft of -0.01" to -0.02" w.c. Proper draft for these oil furnaces may be achieved using either a conventional chimney (natural draft) or a power vent (sidewall) system that has been properly designed for use with oil-fired equipment. Power vent manufacturer's instructions must be followed.
- Use vent material approved by local codes for oil-fired burners. In their absence, refer to:
 - NFPA 31, Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment.
 - NFPA211, Standard for Chimneys, Fireplaces, Vents and Solid Fuel Burning Appliances.
 - In Canada, refer to CSA B139, Installation Code for Oil-Burning Equipment.
 - NFPA-211 requires chimney to be lined before being connected to furnace.
- To prevent downdrafts, extend chimney at least 3 feet above highest point where it passes through roof and 2 feet higher than any portion of building within 10 feet. Increase chimney crosssectional area and height at least 4% per 1,000 feet above sea level.
- Provide minimum clearances from vent (flue) pipe to combustible material:
 - Single-wall vent 18 inches minimum
 - Type "L" double-wall vent 6 inches minimum
- Provide a chimney no smaller than that listed in Table 6.
 - **NOTICE** Oversized chimneys, outside masonry chimneys and/or derated inputs can result in condensation in chimney. Relining an outside masonry chimney may be needed to avoid condensation, downdrafts and damage to masonry surfaces.

Connect venting

- **WARNING** Long horizontal vent runs, excessive number of tees and elbows, or other obstructions restricting combustion gas flow can result in the possibility of condensation, flue gas leakage and carbon monoxide emissions, which can lead to severe personal injury or death.
- 1. The horizontal vent must slope upwards, away from the furnace, a minimum of ¼ inch per foot.
- 2. Connect full-sized venting when possible. See Table 6.
- Connection must be made above bottom of chimney to avoid blockage. Vent pipe must not enter chimney far enough to cause obstruction. Use thimble or slip joint where vent pipe enters chimney to allow removal for cleaning.

Connect venting (continued)

- 4. When burner and furnace are properly installed, draft overfire will be approximately -0.01" to -0.02" w.c. Install barometric control in vent, per control manufacturer's instructions, when excess draft needs to be relieved or to comply with applicable codes and regulations. Use draft gauge to adjust proper opening.
- 5. An induced draft fan for the chimney may be necessary if:
 - Excessive resistance to flow of combustion gases can be expected.
 - Cross-sectional area of chimney is smaller than minimum recommended.
 - Chimney height is less than recommended.
 - When using induced draft fan, seal all vent joints and interlock burner with fan operation.

Table 6 Minimum chimney / vent size

Furnace Minimum		Minimum cł size	Minimum	
model number	vent diameter	Rectangular (minimum inside dimensions)	Round	chimney height
CHB/CLB-105	6"	6" x 6"	6"	15'
CHB/CLB-140	7"	6" x 6"	6"	15'

Vent dampers

AWARNING

Do not install a thermal-type vent damper on this furnace. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

NOTICE If a vent one, instatted work of the vent

If a vent damper is required, use only a motorized one, installed and wired in the furnace according to the vent damper manufacturer's instructions.

Barometric draft control

Install a barometric control in the vent, as per the manufacturer's instructions, when excess draft needs to be relieved or to comply with applicable codes and regulations. Use draft gauge to adjust proper opening.

- Install a barometric draft control in the vent pipe at least one foot from the furnace vent connection, preferably in the highest part of the vent pipe before the vent enters the chimney. If headroom does not provide enough clearance to locate the control at least one foot from the vent connection, install an elbow at the furnace and mount the control in an horizontal pipe at least one foot from the elbow. Install an elbow after the control to turn vertically.
- 2. To operate correctly, the barometric draft control must be located in the same room as the furnace.
- 3. Ensure that the barometric draft control is accessible. Adjust the damper to obtain the correct overfire draft, as described in this manual and the burner manual.

CHB & CLB Oil Furnaces – Furnace Manual

5 Connect fuel oil piping

General oil piping requirements

- Location and installation of oil tanks, oil piping and burners must follow:
 - NFPA 31, Standard for the Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment.
 - In Canada, CSA B139, Installation of Oil-Burning Equipment.
 - Local codes and regulations.
 - Information provided with burner and fuel pump.
- If any part of the fuel oil tank is above burner level, an antisiphon device must be used to prevent the flow of oil in case of an oil line break.
- Support oil lines as required by codes.
- Make tank connections with swing joints or copper tubing to prevent breakage, in case the tank settles. Make swing joints so they will tighten as tank settles. Non-hardening pipe joint compounds should be used on all threads.

AWARNING

Do not use Teflon tape as an oil pipe sealant. It can cause valves to fail, creating hazards. Use only flare fittings. Do not use compression fittings. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage from oil leakage and/or fire hazard.

 Underground pipe must be run in a casing to prevent oil leaking into the ground or under the floor. Check local codes for information.

Oil piping connection at burner

Connect oil line to burner using a flare fitting.

AWARNING

Use of any connection other than a flare fitting at the oil connection to the burner could result in a fuel oil leak, with the potential for severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

- See local codes for appropriate arrangement and piping of filter, control valves, etc. connecting to oil tank.
- Refer to burner manual for oil system requirements. Verify that suction lift does not exceed stated limit. Where lift exceeds limit for a one-pipe system, use a two-pipe system as directed in burner manual.

6 Wire furnace & burner

WARNING Electric shock hazard. It can cause severe personal injury or death if power sources, including the service switch on the furnace, are not disconnected before installation or servicing.

Wire burner

The burner harness is factory-wired to the furnace. Plug the burner harness into the matching burner connector. Refer to the wiring diagrams on pages 14 and 15 for further information.

Install and wire thermostat

Locate the room thermostat on an interior wall in the natural circulating path of room air. Do not locate thermostat so it is exposed to cold air infiltration, drafts from windows or doors, air currents from supply or return air registers, behind obstructions, on a shelf, in a closet, or in a corner.

Ensure the thermostat won't be exposed to heat from nearby fireplace, radio, television, lamp or rays from the sun. Do not mount thermostat on a wall over a supply or return duct, chimney or vent.

Wire thermostat to furnace and set thermostat anticipator as shown on wiring diagrams, pages 14 and 15.

Connect power wiring

All wiring must conform to:

- National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, latest edition and any additional national, state or local codes.
- In Canada, CSA C22.1 Canadian Electrical Code Part One and any local codes.
- Wiring must be N.E.C. Class 1. If original wire, as supplied with the furnace, must be replaced, type 105°C wire or equivalent must be used. Supply wiring to furnace must be sized for the load required (see Section 12).
- Provide electrical ground at furnace as required by codes.

Connect 120 VAC/60 Hertz, single phase separate electrical line from the main house panel to the power leads in the furnace electrical box as shown on wiring diagrams on pages 14, and 15. Provide a fused disconnect in the power wiring, following all local codes.

Ensure the wire size and type are adequate for the electrical load (see Section 12 and furnace nameplate for value).

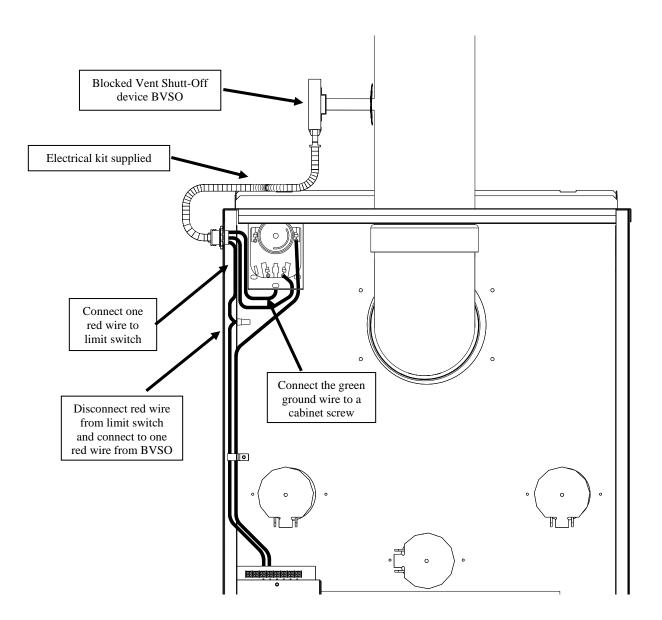
Limit control

The furnace is equipped with a fan switch/limit control. This control limits the air leaving the heat exchanger to 200°F or less. The fan switch continues fan operation until the air drops to a preset temperature. For most installations, set the blower ON setting at 110°F and blower OFF setting at 90°F. If a longer cool down period is desired, lower the OFF setting.

6 Wire furnace & burner (continued)

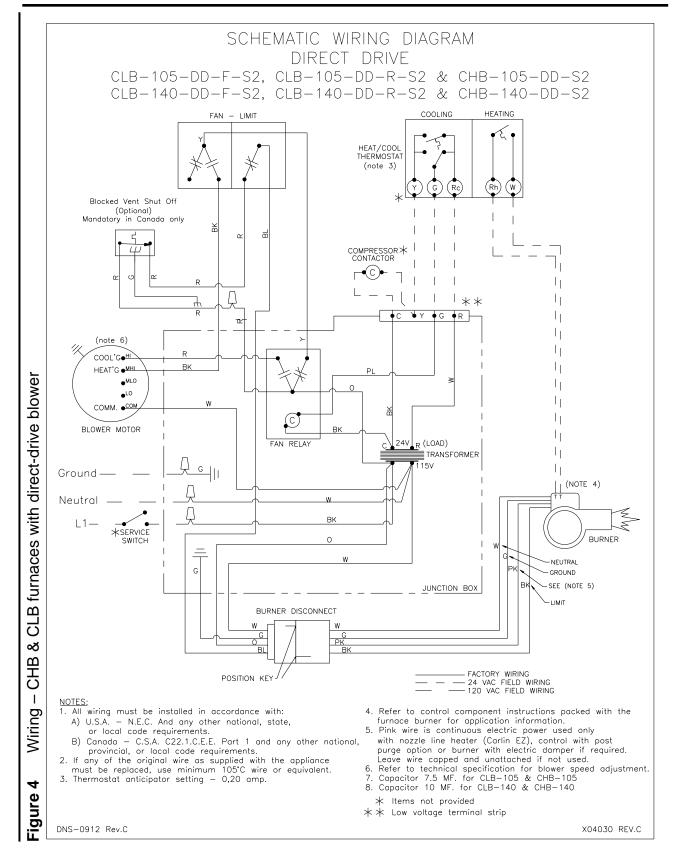
Figure 3

Blocked Vent Shut-Off device wiring (Optional)

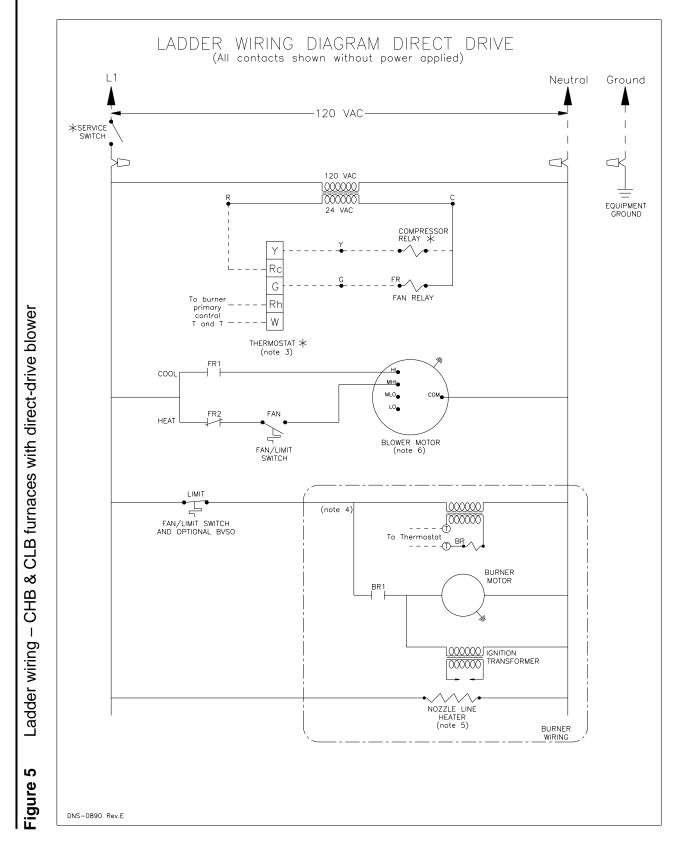


CHB & CLB Oil Furnaces - Furnace Manual

6 Wire furnace & burner (continued)



6 Wire furnace & burner (continued)



7 Start up

A DANGER Follow information below to prevent severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage:

- Do not use gasoline, crankcase drainings or any oil containing gasoline. See burner manual for proper fuel oil.
- Do not attempt to start burner when excess oil has accumulated, when unit is full of vapor or when combustion chamber is very hot.
- Do not start burner unless collector box, breeching and burner mounting plate are secured in place.
- Never burn garbage or paper in the furnace.
- Never leave combustible material around it.

To start furnace

- 1. Factory burner adjustment and settings may not be suitable for specific job conditions. Refer to burner manual for burner start up, adjustment and checkout procedures.
- 2. Set room thermostat to call for heat.
- 3. Start burner as described in burner manual.
- The furnace blower will delay for a short time after burner starts, until the limit/fan switch senses air temperature above the fan ON setting.
- 5. Set room thermostat to its lowest setting. Burner should turn off.
- 6. Furnace blower will continue to run until the limit/fan switch senses air temperature below the fan OFF setting.
- Set the room thermostat to call for heat again. Allow furnace to heat to design temperature. Then adjust burner for correct combustion, using combustion test equipment. Adjust burner for: Draft: -0.01" to -0.02" water column draft in furnace combustion chamber.

 CO_2 : between 10% and 11½%, with 0 smoke.

To start furnace (continued)

AWARNING

equipment to assure proper operation.

Make final burner adjustments using combustion test

- 8. Check furnace and duct system for proper operation and conditions.
- 9. Inspect vent system for proper operation.
- 10. To set limit/fan switch:

The blower operates until the air temperature drops below the fan OFF setting. If the air at the supply registers is too warm at blower start up or shutdown, lower the fan OFF and ON settings on the limit/fan switch.

To check operation of the limit switch, slide a piece of cardboard into the furnace filter slot. After a few minutes of operation (not more than 5 minutes), the burner should shut off (limit switch open). The blower will operate until the furnace cools down. Remove cardboard when finished.

11. Perform a complete burner cad cell test as per the burner instruction manual.

To shut down furnace

- 1. Set the room thermostat to its lowest setting.
- 2. Turn off the disconnect switch on the 120-VAC power line to the furnace.
- 3. If the burner will be shut down for an extended time, tightly close all oil valves.
- 4. Refer to burner manual for any additional instructions.

8 Checkout procedure

Furnace selection

- I. 1. Heat loss BTU/h at °F outdoor design temperature.

- □..4. Burner pump pressure psig.

Furnace installation

- □..5. Is the furnace level and are all legs in contact with the floor?
- □...6. Are return and supply ducts securely attached to furnace?
- □..7. Are the fuel filter and fuel lines installed and inspected as per the burner manual?
- □..8. Are furnace and burner wired as per the wiring diagram?
- □..9. 120 VAC wiring: type..... size AWG.

8 Checkout procedure (continued)

Vent and combustion air

- I.10. Was the existing chimney / vent system inspected and found in proper condition?
- □..11. Was new vent piping installed and sealed as required?
- ...12. Was the vent sizing checked against furnace manual and codes?

Ductwork

- □..13. Was the duct sizing checked against furnace manual and / or ACCA Manual D?
- I. 14. Were the supply and return registers checked for size based on airflow?
- □..15. Were balancing dampers installed as needed?
- □..16. Was the ductwork sealed and insulated as needed?

Furnace operation

- □..17. Is a / are clean air filter(s) in place?
- □..18. Was the temperature rise through furnace checked (not to exceed 85°F) and the blower speed adjusted if necessary?
- □..19. Was the thermostat heat anticipator set per wiring diagram?
- \square ..20. Was the burner started and tested per burner manual?
- □..21. Is there proper draft and burner flame? Were final adjustments made with combustion test equipment?

Furnace operation (continued)

- □..22. Was air purged from oil piping and piping checked for leaks?
- □..23. Was burner sealed to furnace and nuts tightened? Was burner harness securely plugged in?
- **AWARNING** Obtain gas-tight seals at burner flange, cleanout plates and/or flue collector box to prevent possible flue gas leakage and carbon monoxide emissions, leading to severe personal injury or death.
- □..24. Was limit control tested as per the "To start furnace" section in this manual?
- ...25. Was furnace cycled with thermostat? Raise to highest setting and verify furnace goes through normal start up cycle. Lower to lowest setting and verify furnace shuts off.
- ...26. Were several operating cycles observed for proper operation?
- □..27. Were room thermostat(s) set to desired room temperatures?

After installation

- □..28. Was "Installation and service certificate" (below) filled out?
- ...29. Was Owner's information in this manual reviewed with owner or maintenance person and the person instructed to keep the manual for future reference?
- ...30. Were all instruction manuals placed near the furnace for future reference?

	Se	eries
Serial number	Date installed_	
□ Installation instruc	ions have been followed.	
Checkout sequenc	e has been performed.	
Above information	is certified to be correct.	
□ Information receive	d and left with owner/maintenance perso	on.
Inotallar		
	/) (Address)	(Phone)
(Compan		

9 Troubleshooting

Before beginning these troublesh	ooting proced	ures, ALWAYS :					
 Check 120 volt supply to furnace. If the voltage, check fuses and service sw it When testing electrical equipment, alw standard electrical safety procedures. 	ch. CAUTION :	 To successfully service the oil furnace, you must have these instruments : smoke tester carbon-dioxide (CO₂) or oxygen (O₂) analyzer draft gauge (scale should read from01" w.c. to25" w.c.) 					
 Make sure thermostat is calling for burn 	ner operation.	 volt/OHM/milliamper m 	 volt/OHW/milliamper multimeter pressure gauge capable of reading 0-150 lb/sq. inch (for oil only) 				
 Check oil supply and make sure all value 	res are open.	 Be familiar with these instr manufacturer's recommender 	uments as w ell as the burner ded settings.				
Symptom – Burner	Possible co	orrections :					
Burner motor does not start.	switch is on		 Check for voltage from primary relay to burner motor. Make sure the primary relay has not locked out on safety. 				
	junction box.		heat and that the wiring to the thermostat is correct and tight.				
Burner short cycles or locks out on primary relay safety.	out the re milliamperage the heat-an check wiring burner.	y relay control is not popping eset button, measure the e at the thermostat and set ticipator accordingly. Also g from the thermostat to the	assure it is aimed at the fire.				
		le and electrode position. ourner manufacturers	 Check ignition transformer output 				
Unable to achieve clean	 Check tube i 	nsertion and alignment.	 Check nozzle and electrode position (Reference burner manufacturer's instructions). 				
combustion by setting air adjustments.	 Replace noz 	zle.	 Check pump pressure (varies with manufacturer and application; see burner manual). 				
	Check overfi	ire draft.					
To check CAD cell operation, use the following procedure :	terminals on then start b starts, pla between ter across CAI	D cell leadwires from the f-f the primary safety control, burner. Shortly after burner ce a temporary jumper minals f-f. Connect ohmeter D cell leadwires-resistance ader 1,600 ohms.	 With burner off, check dark cell resistance across CAD cell leadwires. Resistance should be greater than 20,000 ohms. If cell resistances are different from above, recheck wiring and location of cell, etc. If necessary, replace plug-in portion of cell. 				
		r and remove temporary					
Symptom – Furnace blower	jumper. Possible co	prrections :					
Furnace blower will not start.	 Check wiring from Fan and Limit control. Check for 120V to the blow e present, replace motor. sw itched on manually at the thermostat sub-base (if sub-base is installed). 						
Blower cycles on and off after the burner has shut down.	 Adjust fan " fan "on" sett 	off" setting to 90° and adjust ing to 110°.					
Blower short cycles on limit control.	 Return ducts 	may be undersized.					

10 Service and maintenance

Annual service and start-up

- **EXAMPNING** Follow the "Service and maintenance" procedures given throughout this manual and in component literature shipped with the furnace. Failure to perform the service and maintenance could result in damage to the furnace or system. Failure to follow the directions in this manual and component literature could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.
- **EXARNING** The furnace should be inspected and started annually, at the beginning of the heating season, only by a qualified service technician. In addition, the maintenance and care of the furnace outlined in the table below, and explained on the following pages must be performed to assure maximum furnace efficiency and reliability. Failure to service and maintain the furnace and system could result in equipment failure.

WARNING This furnace contains fiberglass and ceramic fiber materials. These materials require special attention. Please refer to the WARNING and guidelines. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Service technician annual maintenance/start up								
(see following pages and b	ourr	ner manual for instructions)						
Service and maintenance		Annual start up						
Furnace and air system		Check operation						
Consult with homeowner to see if there were any		Check sequence of operation						
problems with furnace or system during the prior		Check flame characteristics						
heating season (or cooling season)		Perform combustion checks/tests per burner manual and						
Clean and inspect blower motor and wheel		furnace manual						
Check condition of electrical wiring and tightness of		Check temperature rise						
terminals and connectors		Check thermostat heat anticipator setting						
Clean and inspect heat exchanger and combustion		Check safety controls (high-temperature limit switch, flame						
chamber		cutoff time, etc.)						
Clean and inspect system accessories								
Vent oustern								
Vent system								
└ Clean and inspect flue pipe, chimney/vent, and draft regulator								
Fuel oil system								
Check oil tank and piping for leaks								
Replace oil filter								
O'll human								
Oil burner								
Clean and inspect oil burner assembly								
Bleed system of air (single-pipe system)								
Check oil pump pressures								
Check combustion air ducts, grilles, etc. (if applicable)								
	1							

10 Service and maintenance (continued)

Handling ceramic fiber and fiberglass materials

HANDLING OR REMOVAL OF COMBUSTION CHAMBER

AWARNING

The combustion chamber in this product contains ceramic fiber materials. Ceramic fiber can be converted to cristobalite in very high temperature applications. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has concluded, "Crystalline silica inhaled in the form of quartz or cristobalite from occupational sources is carcinogenic to humans (Group 1)".

- Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.
 - Use NIOSH certified dust respirator (N95). This type of respirator is based on the OSHA requirements for cristobalite at the time this document was written. Other types of respirators may be needed depending on the job site conditions. Current NIOSH recommendations can be found on the NIOSH web site at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/homepage.html. NIOSH approved respirators, manufacturers, and phone numbers are also listed on this web site.
 - Wear long-sleeved, loose fitting clothing, gloves, and eye protection.
- Apply enough water to the combustion chamber lining to prevent airborne dust.
- Remove combustion chamber lining from the furnace and place it in a plastic bag for disposal.
- Wash potentially contaminated clothes separately from other clothing. Rinse clothes washer thoroughly.

NIOSH stated First Aid.

- Eye: Irrigate immediately
- Breathing: Fresh air.

HANDLING OR REMOVAL OF FIBERGLASS WOOL – OR – INSTALLATION OF FIBERGLASS WOOL OR COMBUSTION CHAMBER:

AWARNING

This product contains fiberglass jacket insulation and ceramic fiber materials in combustion chamber. Airbone fibers from these materials have been listed by the State of California as a possible cause of cancer through inhalation.

- Avoid breathing dust and contact with skin and eyes.
 - Use NIOSH certified dust respirator (N95). This type of respirator is based on the OSHA requirements for fiberglass wool at the time this document was written. Other types of respirators may be needed depending on the job site conditions. Current NIOSH recommendations can be found on the NIOSH web site at http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/homepage.html. NIOSH approved respirators, manufacturers, and phone numbers are also listed on this web site.
 - Wear long-sleeved, loose fitting clothing, gloves, and eye protection.
- Operations such as sawing, blowing, tear out, and spraying may generate airbone fiber concentration requiring additional protection.
- Wash potentially contaminated clothes separately from other clothing. Rinse clothes washer thoroughly.

NIOSH stated First Aid.

- Eye: Irrigate immediately
- Breathing: Fresh air.

CHB & CLB Oil Furnaces - Furnace Manual

10 Service and maintenance (continued)

Service/maintenance procedures

To inspect blower motor

Blower motor is permanently lubricated and do not require oiling.

 $\label{eq:clean blower wheel - Vacuum dust from blower wheel blades and surrounding area.$

To clean heat exchanger

- **WARNING** The heat exchanger must be cleaned and inspected at least once each year. Operating the furnace with a fouled or leaking heat exchanger could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.
- **AWARNING** The combustion chamber contains ceramic fiber materials. Wear a NIOSH-approved respirator while cleaning the furnace and follow WARNING on page 20 for proper handling.
- 1. Remove the burner and mounting plate.
- 2. Inspect the heat exchanger using a mirror inserted through the burner opening.
- 3. Using a brush on a flexible handle, loosen the soot on the inside of the heat exchanger.
- 4. Remove the soot with a vacuum. Be careful not to damage the combustion chamber while cleaning the heat exchanger.
- 5. Open the heat exchanger cleanout cover. Using a brush on a flexible handle, loosen the soot from the heat exchanger surfaces. Remove as much soot as possible using a vacuum.
- 6. Close cleanout cover.
- 7. Inspect combustion chamber and replace with a new one if chamber is damaged in any way.
- 8. Re-install burner and mounting plate.
- **WARNING** Obtain gas-tight seal at burner flange and cleanout plates to prevent possible flue gas leakage and carbon monoxide emissions, leading to severe personal injury or death.

Inspect vent system

Thoroughly inspect the entire vent system at least annually, including horizontal vent pipe and chimney or vertical vent. Ensure vent system is repaired or replaced if necessary before placing furnace in operation.

Oiled-bearing burner motors

The burner may need to be lubricated if motor is equipped with oiling cups. Refer to burner manual for specific instructions. If instructed, apply a few drops only of S.A.E. 20 detergent oil (never use household oils). Do not attempt to "fill up" the oil cup. Over-oiling can damage the motor.

Optional Blocked vent shut off (BVSO) cleaning

For continued safe operation, the Blocked Vent Shut Off System (BVSO) is required to be inspected and maintained annually by a qualified agency.

- 1. Disconnect the power to the appliance;
- 2. Remove the two screws holding on the BVSO assembly cover;
- 3. Remove the cover;
- 4. Remove the two screws holding the thermal switch to the assembly base;
- Without removing the electrical wires, remove the thermal switch and remove any build-up from the thermal switch surface;

CAUTION D th

Do not dent or scratch the surface of the thermal switch. If the thermal switch is damaged, replacement is required.

- Clear and remove any build-up or obstruction inside the heat transfer tube;
- 7. Re-mount the thermal switch to the assembly base;
- Re-attach the assembly cover with the screws removed in step 2;
- 9. Re-establish power to the appliance.

Annual start up

A DANGER Follow information below to prevent severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage:

- Do not use gasoline, crankcase drainings or any oil containing gasoline. See burner manual for proper fuel oil.
- Do not attempt to start burner when excess oil has accumulated, when unit is full or vapor or when combustion chamber is very hot.
- Do not start burner unless vent and burner mounting plate are secured in place.
- Never burn garbage or paper in the furnace.
- · Never leave combustible material around it.

To start furnace

- Factory burner adjustment and settings may not be suitable for specific job conditions. Refer to burner manual for burner start up, adjustment and checkout procedures.
- 2. Set room thermostat to call for heat.
- 3. Refer to burner manual for start up.
- The furnace blower will delay for a short period after burner starts, until the limit/fan switch senses air temperature above the fan ON setting.
- 5. Set room thermostat to its lowest setting. Burner should turn off.
- 6. Furnace blower will continue to run until the limit/fan switch senses air temperature below the fan OFF setting.
- Set the room thermostat to call for heat again. Allow furnace to heat to design temperature. Then adjust burner for correct combustion, using combustion test equipment. Adjust burner for:

Draft: -0.01" to -0.02" water column draft in furnace combustion chamber.

CO₂: between 10% and 11½%, with 0 smoke.

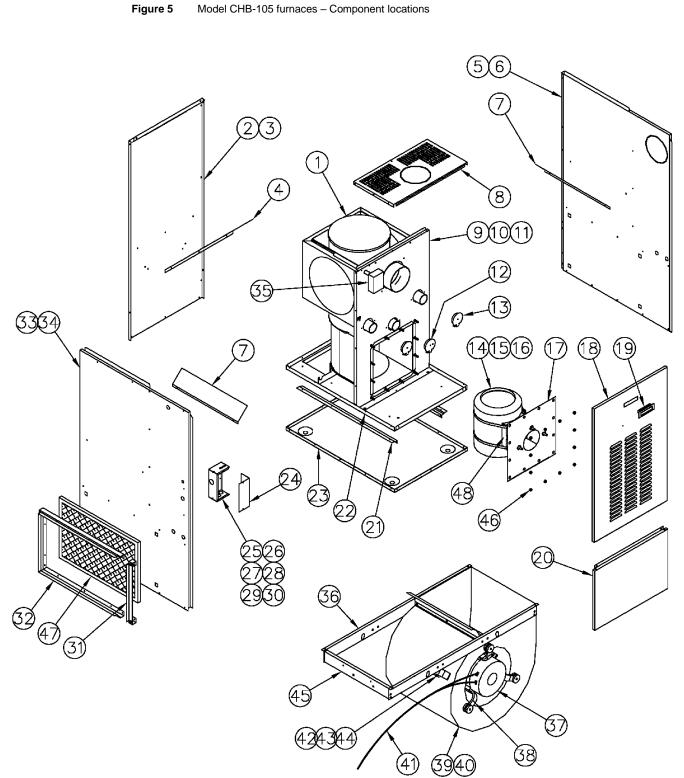
- **AWARNING** Make final burner adjustments using combustion test equipment to ensure proper operation.
- 8. Check furnace and duct system for proper operation and conditions.
- 9. Inspect vent system for proper operation.
- 10. To set limit/fan switch:

The blower operates until the air temperature drops below the fan OFF setting. If the air at the supply registers is too warm at blower start up or shutdown, lower the fan OFF and ON settings on the limit/fan switch.

To check operation of the limit switch, slide a piece of cardboard into the furnace filter slot. After a few minutes of operation (not more than 5 minutes), the burner should shut off (limit switch open). The blower will operate until the furnace cools down. Remove cardboard when finished

11. Complete testing of the burner cad cell control using the instructions in the burner manual.

11 Components and replacement parts



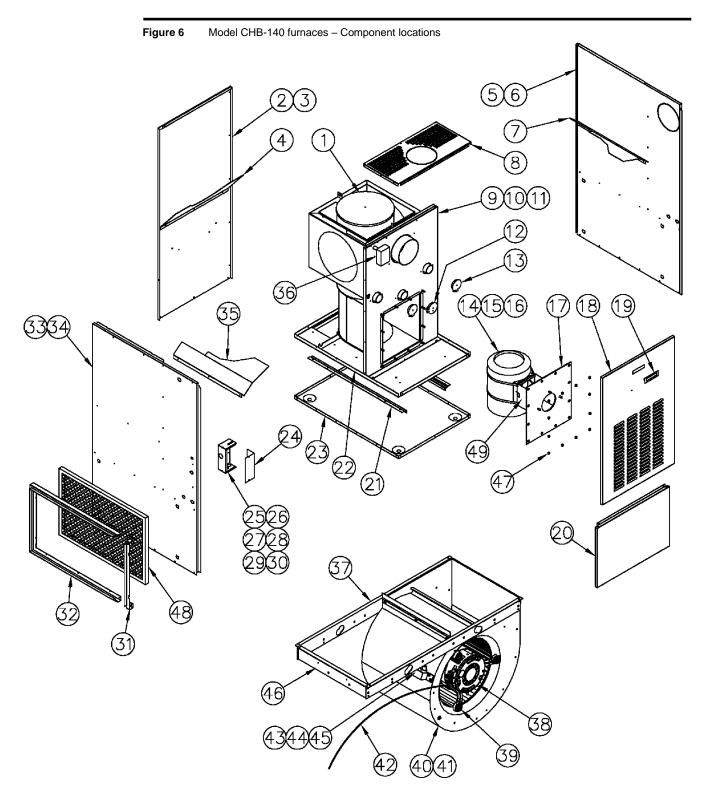
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Model CHB-105 furnaces - Replacement parts list

ltem	Part description	Part number	ltem	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B02935-01	24	Electrical box cover	B02978
2	Rear panel assembly (item 3 included)	B02971	25	Electrical box assembly (items 26, 27, 28, 29 & 30 included)	B02977
3	Rear panel insulation	B02969	26	Transformer	L01F009
4	Rear baffle	B02963	27	Relay SPDT 24 VAC	L01H009
5	Right side panel assembly (items 6 & 7 included)	B02970-01	28 29	Terminal 4 buss Fan limit w ire harness	L05F009 B02917
6	Right side panel insulation	B02968-01	30	Burner wire harness	B02915
7	Baffle	B02964	31	Filter rack access	B01696-01
8	Top panel	B02959	32	Filter rack "U" frame	B01695-01
9	Front panel divider assembly (items 10 & 11 included)	B02972	33	Left side panel assembly (items 7 & 34 included)	B02970-03
10	Front divider insulation	B02967	34	Left side panel insulation	B02968-02
11	Observation tube gasket	B01014	35	Fan limit	B04272-02
12	Observation door	B02111	36	Blow er slides (qty 2)	B01681
13	Clean out door	B01842	37	Motor 1/2 HP	L06H004
14	Burner plate assembly (items 15, 16 & 17 included)	B02938	38	Motor support assembly (band, legs, nut & bolts included)	B01888
15 16	Combustion chamber Burner plate	B02898 B02952	39	Blow er assembly (items 37, 38, 42, 43, 44 included)	B01979-01
17	Gasket, burner plate	B02907	40	Blow er 100-10T	B03720-04
18	Front door (door only)	B02958	41	Motor wiring harness	B02916
19	Handle	Z99F050	42	Capacitor holder	B01024
20	Blow er door	B02957	43	Capacitor 7.5 MF	L011002
21	Blow er slides (qty 2)	B01680	44	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
22	Blow er deck assembly (item 21 included)	B02973	45 46	Electric box support Hex nut 3/8-NC brass (gty 12)	B01682 F07O001
23	Floor	B02960	47	Paper filter 16" x 24"	Obtain locally
-			48	Combustion chamber support	B02953

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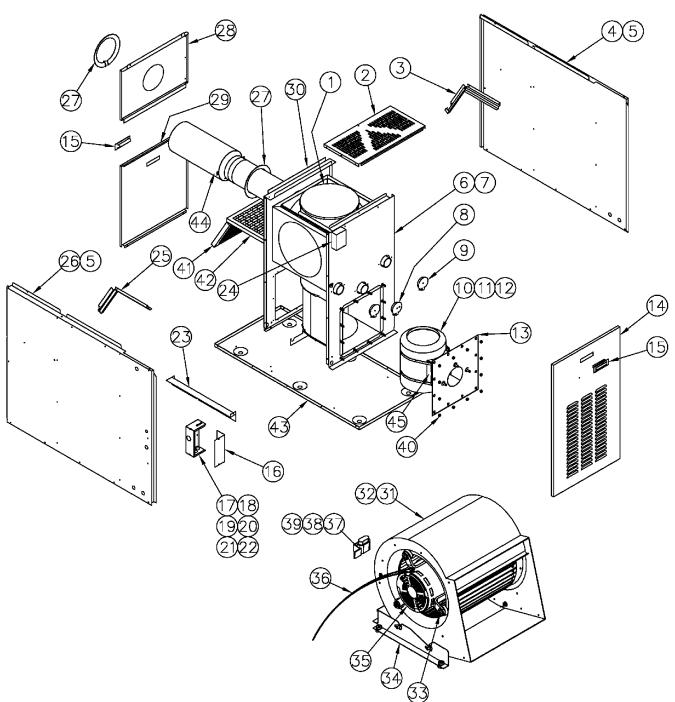
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Model CHB-140 furnaces - Replacement parts list

ltem	Part description	Part number	ltem	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B03115-01	25	Electrical box assembly	D00077
•	Rear panel assembly	D00474	25	(items 26, 27, 28, 29A & 30A included)	B02977
2	(items 3 & 4 included)	B03174	26	Transformer	L01F009
3	Rear panel insulation	B03182	27	Relay SPDT 24 VAC	L01H009
4	Rear baffle	B03158	28	Terminal 4 buss	L05F009
5	Right side panel assembly	B03173-01	29	Fan limit w ire harness	B02917
5	(items 6 & 7 included)	DU3173-01	30	Burner wire harness	B02915
6	Right side panel insulation	B03181-01	31	Filter rack access	B01808-01
7	Baffle, right side	B03157-01	32	Filter rack "U" frame	B01809-01
8	Top panel	B03135	33	Left side panel assembly	B03173-02
9	Front panel divider assembly	B03175	33	(items 34 & 35 included)	DU3173-02
3	(items 10 & 11 included)	B03175	34	Left side panel insulation	B02968-02
10	Front divider insulation	B03180	35	Baffle, left side	B03157-02
11	Observation tube gasket	B01014	36	Fan limit	B04272-02
12	Observation door	B02111	37	Blow er slides (qty 2)	B01681
13	Clean out door	B01842	38	Motor 1 HP	L06K004
14	Burner plate assembly	B03160	39	Motor support assembly	B01889
14	(items 15, 16 & 17 included)	B03100	39	(band, legs, nut & bolts included)	D01009
15	Combustion chamber	B02899	40	Blow er assembly	B02582-01
16	Burner plate	B03149	40	(items 38, 39, 41, 44, 45, 46 included)	D02302-01
17	Gasket, burner plate	B02905	41	Blow er 120-10T	B03720-05
18	Front door (door only)	B03153	42	Motor wiring harness	B02916
19	Handle	Z99F050	43	Capacitor holder	B01024
20	Blow er door	B03177	44	Capacitor 10 MF	L011003
21	Blow er slides (qty 2)	B01794	45	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
22	Blow er deck assembly	B03176	46	Electric box support	B01682
22	(item 21 included)	603170	47	Hex nut 3/8-NC brass (qty 12)	F07O001
23	Floor	B03156	48	Paper filter 20" x 30"	Obtain locally
24	Electrical box cover	B02978	49	Combustion chamber support	B03148

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Figure 7 Model CLB-105 Rear furnaces – Component locations



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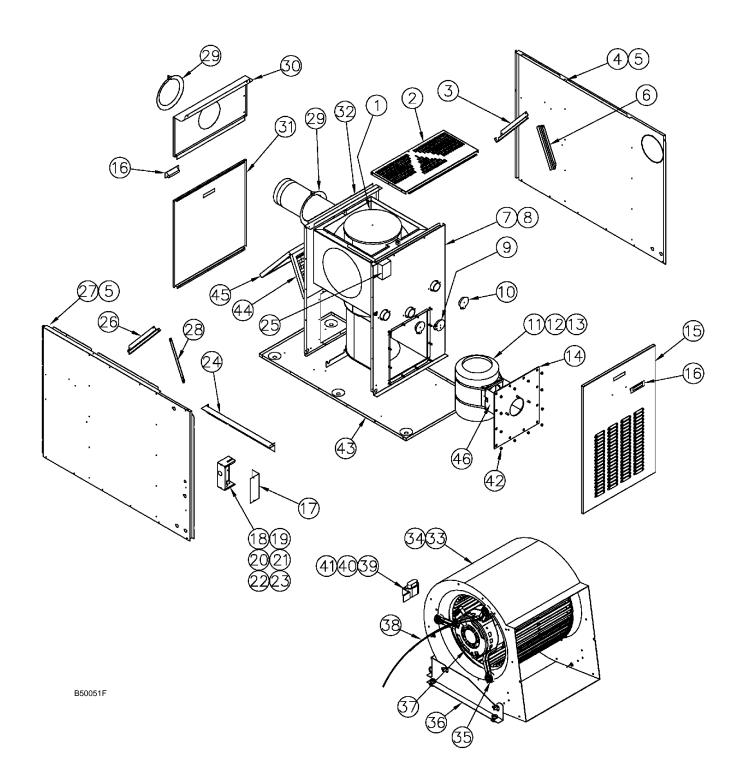
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Model CLB-105 Rear furnaces - Replacement parts list

ltem	Part description	Part number	ltem	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B02935-02	23	Wire conduit	B03015
2	Front top panel	B03010	24	Fan limit	B04272-02
3	Filter rack right side	B03014-01	25	Filter rack left side	B03014-02
4	Right side panel assembly (Items 3 & 5 included)	B03017-03	26	Left side panel assembly (Items 5 & 25 included)	B03017-06
5	Side panel insulation	B03016	27	Collar	B10016-03
6	Front divider panel assembly (Item 7 included)	B03022	28 29	Rear top panel Blow er door	B03008-02 B03012
7	Front divider panel insulation	B03021	30	Rear divider panel assembly	B03027-02
8 9	Observation door Clean out door	B02111 B01842	31	Blow er assembly (Items 32, 33, 35 37, 38, 39, included)	B02584-01
10	Burner plate assembly (Items 11,12 & 13 included)	B02938	32	Blow er 100-10T Motor support assembly	B03720-04
11	Combustion chamber	B02898	- 33	(Band, legs, nut & bolts included)	B01888
12	Burner plate	B02952	34	Blow er support	B03013
13	Gasket, burner plate	B02907	35	Motor 1/2 HP	L06H004
14	Front door (only)	B03011	36	Blow er, wiring harness	B02916
15	Handle	Z99F050	37	Capacitor holder	B01024
16	Electrical box cover	B02978	38	Capacitor 7.5 MF	L011002
17	Electrical box assembly	B02977	39	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
	(Items 18, 19,20, 21A & 22A included)	002311	40	Hex nut 3/8-NC brass	F07O001
18	Transformer	L01F009	-10	(12 required)	1070001
19	Relay SPDT 24VAC	L01H009	41	Paper filter 10" x 20"	Obtain locally
20	Terminal 4 buss	L05F009	42	Paper filter 12" x 20"	Obtain locally
21	Burner wire harness	B02915	43	Floor assembly	B03025
22	Fan limit w ire harness	B02917	44	Oulet protector assembly	B03900
			45	Combustion chamber support	B02953

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Figure 8 Model CLB-140 Rear furnaces – Component locations



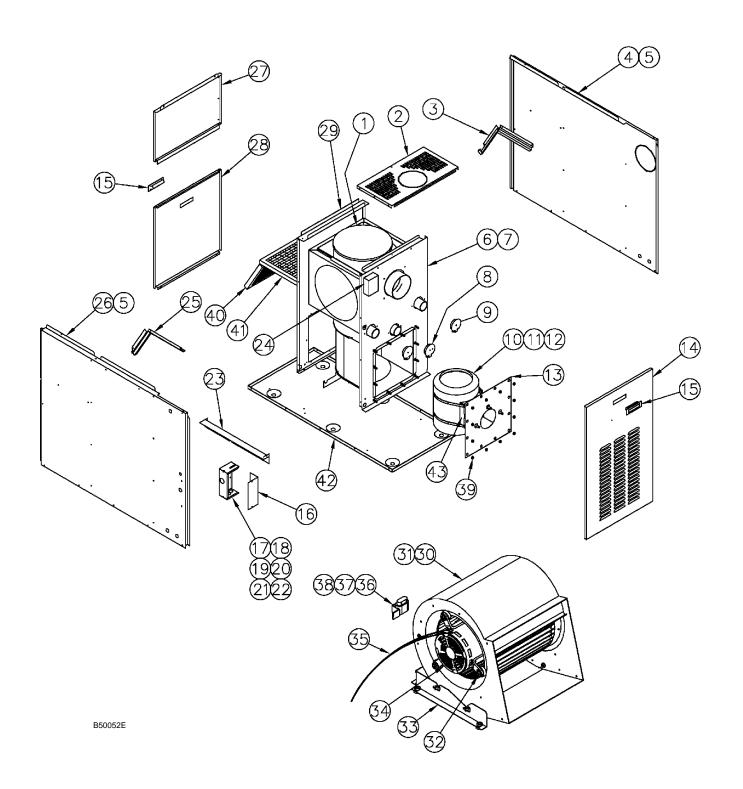
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Model CLB-140 Rear furnaces - Replacement parts list

ltem	Part description	Part number	ltem	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B03115-02	24	Wire conduit	B03144
2	Front top panel	B03136	25	Fan limit	B04272-02
3	Filter rack right side	B03146-01	26	Filter rack left side	B03146-02
4	Right side panel assembly (Items 3, 5 & 6 included)	B03162-03	27	Left side panel assembly (Items 5, 26 & 28 included)	B03162-02
5	Side panel insulation	B03169	28	Filter rack left side	B03147-02
6	Filter rack right side	B03147-01	29	Ring	B03138-02
7	Front divider panel assembly	B03166	30	Rear top panel	B03133-01
'	(Item 8 included)	B03100	31	Blow er door	B03134
8	Front divider panel insulation	B03171	32	Rear divider panel assembly	B03168-02
9	Observation door assembly	B02111	33	Blow er assembly	B02583-01
10	Clean out door assembly	B01842	33	(items 34, 35, 37, 39, 40 & 41 included)	
11	Burner plate assembly	B03160	34	Blow er 120-10T	B03720-05
	(Items 12,13 & 14)	D03100	34	(Item 34 and housing)	D03720-03
12	Combustion chamber	B02899	35	Motor support assembly	B01889
13	Burner plate	B03149	- 55	(band, legs, nut & bolts included)	D01005
14	Gasket, burner plate	B02905	36	Blow er support	B03143
15	Front door (only)	B03137	37	Motor 1 HP	L06K004
16	Handle	Z99F050	38	Blow er, wiring harness	B02916
17	Electrical box cover	B02978	39	Capacitor holder	B01024
18	Electrical box assembly	B02977	40	Capacitor 10 MF	L011003
10	(items 19, 20, 21, 22 & 23 included)	D02911	41	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
19	Transformer	L01F009	42	Hex nut 3/8-NC brass (qty 12)	F07O001
20	Relay SPDT 24VAC	L01H009	43	Floor assembly	B03167
21	Terminal 4 buss	L05F009	44	Paper filter 12" x 24"	Obtain locally
22	Burner wire harness	B02915	45	Paper filter 16" x 24"	Obtain locally
23	Fan limit w ire harness	B02917	46	Combustion chamber support	B03148

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 Figure 9
 Model CLB-105 Front furnaces – Component locations



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Model CLB-105 Front furnaces - Replacement parts list

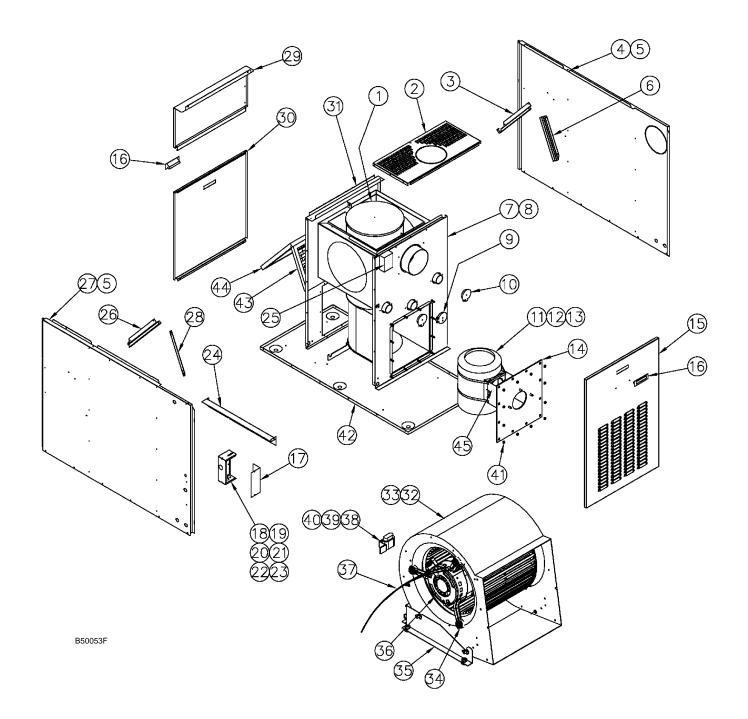
ltem	Part description	Part number	ltem	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B02935-01	22	Fan limit wire harness	B02917
2	Front top panel	B03009	23	Wire conduit	B03015
3	Filter rack right side	B03014-01	24	Fan limit	B04272-02
4	Right side panel assembly	B03017-01	25	Filter rack left side	B03014-02
4	(Items 3 & 5 included)	D03017-01	26	Left side panel assembly	B02017 04
5	Side panel insulation	B03016	20	(Items 5 & 25 included)	B03017-04
6	Front divider panel assembly	B03019	27	Rear top panel	B03008-01
o	(Item 7 included)	B03019	28	Blow er door	B03012
7	Front divider panel insulation	B03018	29	Rear divider panel assembly	B03027-01
8	Observation door assembly	B02111	30	Blow er assembly	B02584-01
9	Clean out door assembly	B01842	30	(Items 31, 32, 34, 36, 37, 38, included)	B02304-01
10	Burner plate assembly	B02938	31	Blow er 100-10T	B03720-04
10	(Items 11,12 & 13)	D02930	32	Motor support assembly	B01888
11	Combustion chamber	B02898	32	(Band, legs, nut & bolts included)	DU1000
12	Burner plate	B02952	33	Blow er support	B03013
13	Gasket, burner plate	B02907	34	Motor 1/2 HP	L06H004
14	Front door (only)	B03011	35	Blow er, w iring harness	B02916
15	Handle	Z99F050	36	Capacitor holder	B01024
16	Electrical box cover	B02978	37	Capacitor 7.5 MF	L011002
17	Electrical box assembly	B02977	38	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
17	(Items 18, 19,20, 21A & 22A included)	D02917	39	Hex nut 3/8-NC brass	F07O001
18	Transformer	L01F009	39	(12 required)	F07 000 1
19	Relay SPDT 24VAC	L01H009	40	Paper filter 10" x 20"	Obtain locally
20	Terminal 4 buss	L05F009	41	Paper filter 12" x 20"	Obtain locally
21	Burner wire harness B02915		42	Floor assembly	B03025
			43	Combustion chamber support	B02953

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CHB & CLB Oil Furnaces – Furnace Manual

11 Components and replacement parts (continued)

Figure 10 Model CLB-140 Front furnaces – Component locations



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Model CLB-140 Front furnaces - Replacement parts list

ltem	Part description	Part number	Item	Part description	Part number
1	Heat exchanger	B03115-01	23	Fan limit wire harness	B02917
2	Front top panel	B03135	24	Wire conduit	B03144
3	Filter rack right side	B03146-01	25	Fan limit	B04272-02
	Right side panel assembly	D02162.01	26	Filter rack left side	B03146-02
4	(Items 3, 5 & 6 included)	B03162-01	27	Left side panel assembly	B03162-02
5	Side panel insulation	B03169	21	(Items 5, 26 & 28 included)	DU3102-02
6	Filter rack right side	B03147-01	28	Filter rack left side	B03147-02
7	Front divider panel assembly	B03165	29	Rear top panel	B03133-02
'	(Item 8 included)	D03103	30	Blow er door	B03134
8	Front divider panel insulation	B03170	31	Rear divider panel assembly	B03168-01
9	Observation door assembly	B02111	32	Blow er assembly	B02583-01
10	Clean out door assembly	B01842	52	(Items 33, 34, 37, 38, 39 & 40 included)	D02000-01
11	Burner plate assembly	B03160	33	Blow er 120-10T	B03720-05
	(Items 12,13 & 14)	B03100	55	(Item 34 & housing)	D03720-03
12	Combustion chamber	B02899	34	Motor support assembly	B01889
13	Burner plate	B03149	54	(band, legs, nut & bolts included)	D01003
14	Gasket, burner plate	B02905	35	Blow er support	B03143
15	Front door (only)	B03137	36	Motor 1 HP	L06K004
16	Handle	Z99F050	37	Blow er, w iring harness	B02916
17	Electrical box cover	B02978	38	Capacitor holder	B01024
18	Electrical box assembly	B02977	39	Capacitor 10 MF	L011003
10	(Items 19, 20, 21, 22 & 23 included)	B02977	40	Rubber cap capacitor	L99Z007
19	Transformer	L01F009	41	Hex nut 3/8-NC brass (qty 12)	F07O001
20	Relay SPDT 24VAC	L01H009	42	Floor assembly	B03167
21	Terminal 4 buss	L05F009	43	Paper filter 12" x 24"	Obtain locally
22	Burner wire harness B02915		44	Paper filter 16" x 24"	Obtain locally
			45	Combustion chamber support	B03148

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12 Dimensions and ratings

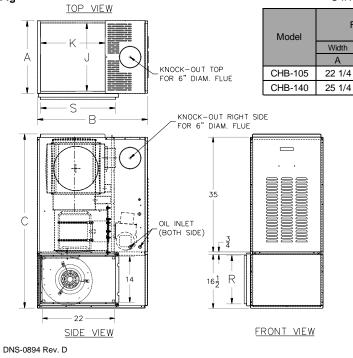


Figure 11 Model CHB-105/140 dimensional data – ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

Model	Input	Output	Firing rate	Installed nozzle	Blower size	Blower	Blower Speed ac	r motor djustment	Maximum cooling capacity	Blowe	r CFM
	(BTU/h)	(BTU/h)	(GPH)			HP	@ 0.25"W.C.	@ 0.50"W.C.	(tons)	@ 0.25"W.C.	@ 0.50"W.C.
					Dire	ct-drive	units				
CHB-105	91,000	79,500	0.65		100-10T	1/2	Med Low	Med Low	3.5	1050	1025
CHB-105	105,000	90,000	0.75		100-10T	1/2	Med High	Med High	3.5	1175	1100
CHB-140	140,000	119,000	1.00		120-10T	1	Med High	Med High	5	1600	1575

Model	Maximum heating	Filter		Electrical	Minimum	Maximum	Ship
woder	temperature rise	quantity	Volt - Hertz - Phase	load	ampacity for	fuse size	weight
CHB	(°F)	and size		(amps)	wiring sizing	(amps)	(pounds)
			Direct-drive				
CHB-105 65 - 80		(1) 16 X 24	115 - 60 - 1	15.4	17.7	20	265
CHB-140	65 - 80	(1) 20 X 30	115 - 60 - 1	16.9	19.5	20	315



NOTICE

CHB furnaces are CSA design certified for installation on combustible flooring.

Warm air supply

(top)

Depth

Κ

20

23 1/4

Width

J

21

24

Height

С

53 1/2

58 3/4

Furnace casing

Depth

В

33 3/4

37 1/4

Return air

(side)

Depth

S

23

29

Width

R

15

19

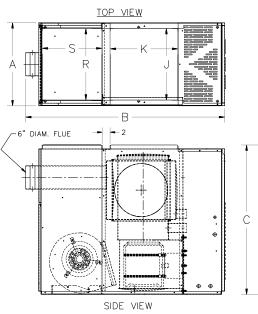
Flue pipe

diam.

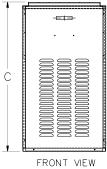
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Figure 12 Model CLB-105/140 Rear dimensional data – ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES



Model	Fu	rnace casi	ng		iir supply op)	Retu (sid	Flue pipe		
model	Width Depth Heig		Height	Width Depth		Width Depth		diam.	
	А	В	С	J	K	R	S		
CLB-105-R	21 1/4	50 1/2	38 1/2	18 1/2	17 1/2	18 1/2	15 1/2	6	
CLB-140-R	25 1/4	56	40 3/4	22 3/4	21 1/4	22 3/4	13 1/2	7	



DNS-0896 Rev. B

Model	Input	Output	Firing rate	Installed nozzle	Blower	Blower motor HP		Blower motor Speed adjustment		Blower	CFM
	(BTU/h)	(BTU/h)	(GPH)	1102216	0120		@ 0.25"W.C.	@ 0.50"W.C.	(tons)	@ 0.25"W.C.	@ 0.50"W.C.
	Direct-drive units										
	91,000	80,000	0.65		100-10T	1/2	Med Low	Med Low	3.5	1150	1125
CLB-105R	105,000	90,000	0.75		100-10T	1/2	Med High	Med High	3.5	1300	1225
	119,000	100,000	0.85		100-10T	1/2	High	High	3.5	1475	1325
	140,000	120,000	1.00		120-10T	1	Med High	Med High	5	1600	1575
CLB-140R	168,000	142,000	1.20		120-10T	1	High	High	5	1925	1800

Model	Maximum heating temperature rise	Filter quantity	Volt - Hertz - Phase	Electrical load	Minimum ampacity for	Maximum fuse size	Ship weight
	(°F)	and size		(amps)	wiring sizing	(amps)	(pounds)
			Direct-drive				
CLB-105R	65 - 80	(1) 12 X 20 / (1) 10 X 20	115 - 60 - 1	15.4	17.7	20	250
CLB-140R	65 - 80	(1) 16 X 24 / (1) 12 X 24	115 - 60 - 1	16.9	19.5	20	345

NOTICE





CLB furnaces are CSA design certified for installation on combustible flooring.

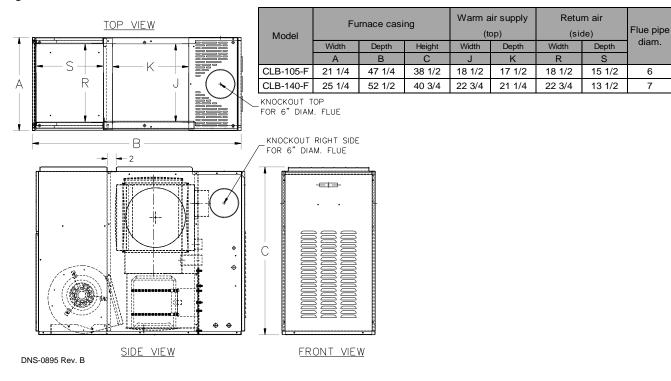


Figure 13 Model CLB-105/140 Front dimensional data – ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES

Model	Input	Output	Firing rate	Installed nozzle	Blower size	Blower motor HP	Blower Speed ac	· motor djustment	Maximum cooling capacity	Blower	CFM
	(BTU/h)	(BTU/h)	(GPH)				@ 0.25" W.C.	@ 0.50" W.C.	(tons)	@ 0.25" W.C.	@ 0.50" W.C.
	Direct-drive units										
	91,000	80,000	0.65		100-10T	1/2	Med Low	Med Low	3 1/2	1150	1125
CLB-105F	105,000	90,000	0.75		100-10T	1/2	Med High	Med High	3 1/2	1300	1225
	119,000	100,000	0.85		100-10T	1/2	High	High	3 1/2	1475	1325
CLB-140F	140,000	120,000	1.00		120-10T	1	Med High	Med High	5	1600	1575
CLB-140F	168,000	141,000	1.20		120-10T	1	High	High	5	1925	1800

Model	Maximum heating temperature rise	Filter quantity	Volt - Hertz - Phase	Electrical load	Minimum ampacity for	Maximum fuse size	Ship weight				
	(°F)	and size		(amps)	wiring sizing	(amps)	(pounds)				
	Direct-drive										
CLB-105F	65 - 80	(1) 10 X 20 / (1) 12 X 20	115 - 60 - 1	15.4	17.7	20	241				
CLB-140F	65 - 80	(1) 16 X 24 / (1) 12 X 24	115 - 60 - 1	16.9	19.5	20	330				





CLB furnaces are CSA design certified for installation on combustible flooring.

Model CHB & CLB-105 burner data

BECKETT BURNER - Model AFG (3450 RPM) - Tube insertion 5 1/2"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Head	Low firing rate baffle	Static disc	Combustion air adjustment (Band/Shutter)
CHB-105	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.65-80B	100	F3	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/6
СПБ-105	105,000	0.75	85.0%	0.75-80B	100	F4	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/7
	91,000	0.65	0.86	0.65-80B	100	F3	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/6
CLB-105 F	105,000	0.75	0.86	0.75-80B	100	F4	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/7
	119,000	0.85	0.853	0.85-80B	100	F4	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/9
	91,000	0.65	0.861	0.65-80B	100	F3	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/6
CLB-105 R	105,000	0.75	0.852	0.75-80B	100	F4	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/7
	119,000	0.85	0.852	0.85-80B	100	F4	Yes	3 3/8 U	0/9

BECKETT BURNER - Model NX - Tube insertion 5 1/4"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Head	Low firing rate baffle	ATC	Combustion air adjustment
CHB-105	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.55 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	1.75
CHB-105 10	105,000	0.75	86.0%	0.65 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	2.5
	91,000	0.65	0.86	0.55 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	1.75
CLB-105 F	105,000	0.75	0.86	0.65 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	2.5
	119,000	0.85	0.855	0.75 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	3
	91,000	0.65	0.859	0.55 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	1.75
CLB-105 R	105,000	0.75	0.854	0.65 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	2.5
	119,000	0.85	0.855	0.75 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX70LBHS	3

RIELLO BURNER - Model 40-F3 - Tube insertion 5 1/2"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Combustion air adjustment (Band/Shutter)
CHB-105	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.55-60B	140	1 / 1.75
CHB-103	105,000	0.75	85.5%	0.60-60B	155	2 / 2.75
	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.55-60B	140	1 / 1.75
CLB-105 F	105,000	0.75	86.0%	0.60-60B	155	2 / 2.75
	119,000	0.85	85.2%	0.75-60B	130	2 / 3.75
	91,000	0.65	86.4%	0.55-60B	140	1 / 1.75
CLB-105 R	105,000	0.75	86.2%	0.60-60B	155	2 / 2.75
	119,000	0.85	85.6%	0.75-60B	130	2 / 3.75

CARLIN BURNER - EZ-1 - Tube insertion 5 1/2"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Hago)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Combustion air adjustment (Bar / Band)
CHB-105	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.65-70A	100	0.60-0.65 / 0.65
	105,000	0.75	85.5%	0.75-70A	100	0.75 / 0.75
	91,000	0.65	86.0%	0.65-70A	100	0.60-0.65 / 0.65
CLB-105 F	105,000	0.75	86.0%	0.75-70A	100	0.75 / 0.75
	119,000	0.85	85.0%	0.85-70A	100	0.85-1.00 / 0.85
	91,000	0.65	86.4%	0.65-70A	100	0.60-0.65 / 0.65
CLB-105 R	105,000	0.75	85.1%	0.75-70A	100	0.75 / 0.75
	119,000	0.85	85.4%	0.85-70A	100	0.85-1.00 / 0.85

Model CHB & CLB-140 burner data

BECKETT BURNER - Model AFG (3450 RPM) - Tube insertion 8 1/4"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Head	Low firing rate baffle	Static disc	Combustion air adjustment (Band/Shutter)
CHB-140	140,000	1.00	85.0%	1.00 - 70A	100	F3	No	2 3/4 U	0 / 6
CLB-140 F	140,000	1.00	85.7%	1.00 - 70A	100	F3	No	2 3/4 U	0/6
CLD-1401	168,000	1.20	85.6%	1.25 - 70A	100	F3	No	2 3/4 U	2/4
CLB-140 R	140,000	1.00	85.7%	1.00 - 70A	100	F3	No	2 3/4 U	0/6
CLB-140 R	168,000	1.20	85.9%	1.25 - 70A	100	F3	No	2 3/4 U	2/4

BECKETT BURNER - Model NX - Tube insertion 7 7/8"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Head	Low firing rate baffle	ATC	Combustion air adjustment
CHB-140	140,000	1.00	86.0%	0.85 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX90LBHS	3.5
CLB-140 F	140,000	1.00	86.0%	0.85 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX90LBHS	3.5
CLD-1401	168,000	1.20	85.4%	1.00 x 60W	150	9 slot	Yes (32229)	NX90LDHS	2.5
CLB-140 R	140,000	1.00	86.0%	0.85 x 60W	140	9 slot	No	NX90LBHS	3.5
CLB-140 R	168,000	1.20	85.6%	1.00 x 60W	150	9 slot	Yes (32229)	NX90LDHS	2.5

RIELLO BURNER - Model 40-F5 - Tube insertion 8"

Model	Input BTU/h	Firing rate USGPH	AFUE	Nozzle (Delavan)	Pump pressure (PSIG)	Combustion air adjustment (Band/Shutter)
CHB-140	140,000	1.00	85.2%	0.85 - 60B	140	1 / 2.5
CLB-140 F	140,000	1.00	86.0%	0.85 - 60B	140	1 / 2.5
CLD-140 F	168,000	1.20	85.1%	1.10 - 60B	120	2 / 3.25
CLB-140 R	140,000	1.00	86.0%	0.85 - 60B	140	1 / 2.5
CLD-140 K	168,000	1.20	86.1%	1.10 - 60B	120	2 / 3.25

CARLIN BURNER - EZ-1 - Tube insertion 8 1/2"

	Input	Eiring roto	AFUE	Nozzle	Pump	Combustion
Model	input	Firing rate USGPH		(Hago)	pressure	air adjustment
	BTU/h	USGFH		(Hago)	(PSIG)	(Bar / Band)
CHB-140	140,000	1.00	86.0%	1.00 - 60SS	100	0.85 - 1.00 / 1,00
CLB-140 F	140,000	1.00	86.0%	1.00 - 60SS	100	0.85 - 1.00 / 1,00
CLB-140 R	140,000	1.00	86.0%	1.00 - 60SS	100	0.85 - 1.00 / 1,00
CLB-140 R	168,000	1.20	85.2%	1.20 - 60SS	100	1.10 - 1.25 / 1.20

Model	Blow er speed	External static pressure								
		0.1"	0.2"	0.3"	0.4"	0.5"	0.6"	0.7"		
	Med-Low	1065	1055	1045	1035	1025	1015	1005		
CHB-105	Med-High	1220	1190	1160	1130	1100	1070	1040		
	High	1475	1450	1400	1350	1300	1250	1200		
CLB-105F	Med-Low	1165	1155	1145	1135	1125	1115	1105		
	Med-High	1345	1315	1285	1255	1225	1195	1165		
	High	1535	1505	1445	1385	1325	1265	1205		
	Med-Low	1165	1155	1145	1135	1125	1115	1105		
CLB-105R	Med-High	1345	1315	1285	1255	1225	1195	1165		
	High	1535	1505	1445	1385	1325	1265	1205		
CHB-140	Med-High	1615	1605	1595	1585	1575	1565	1555		
	High	1975	1950	1900	1850	1800	1750	1700		
CLB-140F	Med-High	1615	1605	1595	1585	1575	1565	1555		
06031401	High	1975	1950	1900	1850	1800	1750	1700		
CLB-140R	Med-High	1615	1605	1595	1585	1575	1565	1555		
ULD-140K	High	1975	1950	1900	1850	1800	1750	1700		

Airflow data (CFM)

Notes :

Airflow values in cubic ft per minute (CFM) rounded to nearest 5 CFM.

Data taken with filters in place.

Constant Circulation Fan Setting

There is no default constant fan circulation setting specified for these units. If the possible lowest possible fan setting is desired for the constant fan speed, the kit B04527 can be purchased and installed. See instructions provided with the kit.

13 Owner's information

The furnace must be inspected and started ANNUALLY, at the beginning of the heating season, only by a qualified service technician.

The service technician must perform annual service and maintenance on the furnace to ensure reliable operation. Failure to service and maintain the furnace and system could result in equipment failure, causing severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

As the owner, you must be aware of the following requirements. You must inspect and clean or replace the furnace filter monthly, as described below, and perform the other inspection procedures as well. Failure to maintain a clean filter will result in cycling of the furnace and could lead to a no-heat condition. Failure to perform this maintenance could result in substantial property damage.

Follow all of the procedures below. Failure to comply could result in severe personal injury, death or substantial property damage.

Operating the furnace

- 1. The furnace should operate automatically on call for heat from the room thermostat.
- 2. If the furnace oil burner should shut down on flame failure, the burner primary control will lock out. Ask your service technician to show you the correct procedure to reset the primary control button. NEVER push the button more than once in an attempt to start the burner after lockout. Continued lockout of the control means something is wrong with the burner, controls or oil system. The condition must be corrected by a qualified service technician.

Daily inspection

- 1. Verify there are no combustible materials in the furnace room or near the furnace.
- 2. Verify the air openings to the furnace room are not obstructed in any way.
- 3. Verify the furnace seems to be operating normally. Notify your service technician immediately if you notice any abnormal behavior.

Monthly – inspect and clean/replace filter

1. Ask your service technician to show you the correct way to remove and clean your furnace filter. Replace the filter if you are unable to thoroughly clean it.

To shut down furnace

- 1. Set the room thermostat to its lowest setting.
- 2. Turn off the disconnect switch in the 120-VAC power line to the furnace.
- 3. If the burner will be shut down for an extended time, tightly close all oil valves.
- 4. Refer to burner manual for any additional instructions.

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